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GIRDLES THE GLOBE

IS WHAT OUR NEWS SUMMARY DOES.

FIGHTING AT MANILA

EVERYTHING FAVORABLE TO AMERICAN ARMS.

Insurgents Driven Beyond the Lines Formerly Occupied by Them—Filipino Loss Great, While Ours Is Comparatively Small.

Filipinos and Americans Clash.

The long expected rupture between the Americans and the Filipinos has come at last. The former are now engaged in solving the Filipino problem with the utmost expedition possible. The clash came at 8:40 Saturday evening when three daring Filipinos darted past the Nebraska regiment's pickets at Santa Mesa, but retired when challenged. They repeated the experiment without drawing the sentries' fire. But the third time Corporal Greeley challenged the Filipinos and then fired, killing one of them and wounding another. Almost immediately afterward the Filipinos' line from Calocan to Santa Mesa commenced a fusillade which was ineffectual. The Nebraska, Montana and North Dakota outposts replied vigorously and held their ground until reinforcements arrived. The Filipinos in the meantime concentrated at three points, Calocan, Gagelangin and Santa Mesa.

At about 1 o'clock the Filipinos opened a hot fire from all three places, simultaneously. This was supplemented by the fire of two siege guns at Balik-Balik, and by advancing their skirmishers at Paco and Pandacan. The Americans responded with a terrific fire, but owing to the darkness they were unable to determine the effect.

At 2:45 there was another fusillade along the firing line and the United States double turreted monitor Monadnock opened fire on the enemy from off Malate.

The American losses are estimated at twenty men killed and 125 wounded.

The following dispatch from Gen. Otis was made public in Washington at 12:15 Monday morning:

MANILA, Feb. 5: To the Adjutant General: Insurgents in large force opened attack on our outer lines at 8:45 p. m. last evening and renewed attack several times during the night. At 4 o'clock this morning entire line engaged; all attacks repulsed. At daybreak advanced against insurgents and have driven them beyond the lines they formerly occupied, capturing several villages and their defensive works. Insurgent loss in dead and wounded large; our own casualties far less estimated at 175; very few fatal. Troops enthusiastic and acting fearlessly. Navy did splendid execution on flanks of enemy. City held in check and absolute quiet prevails. Insurgents have secured a good many Mauser rifles, a few field pieces and quick firing guns, with ammunition, during last month.

OTIS.

A Lincoln, Neb., dispatch gives the following list of killed of the First Nebraska Regiment:

JAMES PIERCE, musician, David City, merchant.

HARRY HULL, Company A, hotel clerk, Hastings.

DAVIS LAGGER, Company I, lawyer; was a lieutenant in State Militia.

SERGEANT ORRIN T. CURTIS, Ashland, farmer; was at one time a member of the Legislature.

CHARLES KECK, Chadron, a wealthy stockman.

A. BELLINGER, son of a prominent decorator at Beatrice, and a young society man.

LEWIS BEGLER, Lincoln, clerk.

EDWARD EGGERS, Fremont, lawyer.

BIG SCANDAL PROBABLE.

Appropriations Committee Astonished at Peck's Expenses.

It is likely that a big scandal will be developed in connection with the management of the office of the American Commission of the Paris Exposition. There has been appropriated up to date \$550,000 for the American exhibit in Paris in 1900.

Commissioner General Peck has asked for \$1,500,000 more, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House in preparing the deficiency bill, has caused a very thorough investigation to be made into the manner in which the money has been expended.

It is found that Commissioner Peck's salary roll reached the enormous sum of \$104,000 per annum. He seems to have filled the commission up with a big list of employees at good fat salaries. One of these places is designated as appointment clerk of commissions. The gentleman fortunate enough to hold that place comes from Chicago and draws a salary of \$4,500 a year, which is twice as much as the salaries paid the appointment clerks in the executive departments and in addition to this he is allowed an expense account of \$8 per diem.

Jury Bribing in Chicago.

The January Grand Jury, which has been investigating charges of jury bribing brought against several court bailiffs in Chicago and which returned indictments against Bailiffs Lynch and Dwyer, made its final report Saturday. The report says that an organized system of jury bribing exists in the civil courts which has been used for the benefit of the street railway companies.

MILLION DOLLAR FIRE.

Tremendous Loss in the Business Portion of Columbus.

The most serious conflagration which has visited Columbus, Ohio, since the million dollar Chittenden Hotel fire of 1893, visited Columbus Thursday night. Half a block of fine buildings in the heart of the business portion of the town were destroyed. The fire is thought to have started in the basement of the Dunlap building, occupied by the Chicago Bankrupt Clothing Company. At 11:50 with scarcely any warning, the front and rear walls of the Dunlap building, as though rent asunder by an explosion, fell, one on High Street and the other completely filling the alley in the rear with bricks and debris. Fortunately the police had kept the street fairly clear or the loss of life would have been enormous. As it was a number of firemen were caught while flying from the crumbling walls. Fireman Whitey Davis is missing. Seven persons were seriously injured. Scores of other people were slightly injured when the walls gave way by the flying debris. The loss will amount to over \$1,000,000.

FROM PRESIDENT TO PAUPER

Fate of the Former Head of the Central America Republic.

A San Francisco paper prints a long story detailing the fall of ex-President Gutierrez of Salvador, from President to pauper. The article is based on letters received in San Francisco from Honduras, which state that the once popular President of Salvador is now living on almost charity from strangers. His fall is traced from the disruption of the union of Central American republics. Gutierrez instituted the union and made Regalado commander of the army. The latter is accused of betraying Gutierrez as President. Gutierrez was forced to fly to Honduras for safety. All Gutierrez's property is heavily mortgaged and his family is forced to subsist on the meager income derived from the mortgaged plantation.

BIG STORM IN COLORADO.

All Transcontinental Lines Leading Through the State Tied Up.

All transcontinental railroad lines leading through Colorado are tied up by the snow says a dispatch from Denver Thursday. East bound trains from Salt Lake on the Colorado Midland and Denver and Rio Grande roads are stalled at Glenwood Springs, being unable to proceed further because of the snow on the tracks. The West bound trains on these roads have pushed through the drifts as far as Eagle Pass, where they are now blocked. Train No. 1, on the Denver and Rio Grande, ran into a snowslide near Shoshone. The mail car telescoped the tender and the baggage car was jammed into the mail car. The mail clerk and the baggage master were severely injured.

Echo of Latimer Riot.

District Attorney Martin, who prosecuted the case against Sheriff James Martin for the killing of twenty-one miners and the wounding of over fifty others by the sheriff's deputies at Latimer, Pa., in September, 1897, has announced that the remaining indictments against the sheriff and his deputies has been nolle prossed.

Carries Over \$30,000,000.

The river and harbor bill, carrying slightly more than \$30,000,000 passed the Lower House of Congress Thursday by a vote of 160 to 7. This is the largest majority any river and harbor bill has ever obtained in the House. The bill attracted little opposition, and every effort to amend it in important particulars failed.

Held on \$5,000 Bail.

Leonard B. Imboden and S. F. Hancock, arrested last week in Kansas City on a charge of "wildcat" banking when their concern, the Planters' Bank, was closed by the State, requested that their preliminary hearing, set for Thursday, be postponed, and the request was granted. Both men were held in \$5,000 bail each.

Guests Have Narrow Escape.

The Oxford Hotel Seventh and Charles Streets, St. Louis, Mo., was partially burned Thursday and thirty guests, who were sleeping soundly at the time, had a narrow escape. Most of the guests left the building partially dressed and half suffocated. Three in the top story were rescued by firemen with ladders.

Rev. Chas. S. Robinson Dead.

Rev. Charles Seymour Robinson died at his home in New York Thursday morning. Dr. Robinson was a Presbyterian divine, well known as a writer of hymns and books. Among his best known hymn books are "Laudes Domini," "Songs for the Sanctuary" and "Songs of the Church."

Rochester Palace Burns.

Early Wednesday morning a fire started by a heavy explosion of gas, broke out in the palatial residence of Charles P. Barry, 421 East Avenue, Rochester, N. Y. The residence was valued at \$100,000 and is a total loss. The inmates of the house escaped with great difficulty.

The Sexton Murder Case.

Judge Taylor of Canton, Ohio, overruled the motion to quash the indictment against Anna T. George for the murder of George Sexton, a relative of Mrs. McKinley. Attorney Welty noted the exceptions to the ruling and gave notice of the filing of a plea in abatement.

Deposits of Gold at Denver.

The deposits of gold at the Denver branch mint for the month of January reached \$1,691,107, over a quarter of a million more than January, 1898. This in spite of the fact that the rough weather has interfered with the operations of many of the mills in the state.

MAY TRY GEN. MILES

CABINET HAD IT UNDER CONSIDERATION FRIDAY.

Alleged that the Commanding General's Conduct Regarding Beef and the Publicity of His Statements Is Proper Matter for Investigation.

Inquiry Into Miles' Acts.

The Cabinet Friday had the conduct of Gen. Miles under consideration. While no formal action has yet been taken, there is reason to believe that a court of inquiry will be ordered. In the meantime it is not likely that he will be relieved of his position as general of the army. It is understood, however, that a court of inquiry will not be ordered till the War Investigation Commission makes its report, and this probably will form the basis for another court of inquiry. The common impression is that a court of inquiry can be ordered only upon the demand of the officers whose conduct is to be made the subject of investigation. While that is usually the case, there is, however, a reserve power in the President to order such a court, regardless of the wishes of the officers concerned. The purpose of the court of inquiry is to investigate the conduct of an officer. It is expressly prohibited by the regulations from venturing any opinion on the merits of the case until directed to do so by the appointing authority. Upon the presentment of facts made by the court of inquiry the President must determine whether or not a court martial shall follow. Miles, on being informed that it was currently reported a court of inquiry was in store for him, said after thoroughly considering it he had decided to say nothing on the subject. He remains at his office in the discharge of his regular duties.

THE WEEK IN TRADE.

The Business World as Seen by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Failures in January were smaller than any previous month except August, 1898, and July, 1897. The defaulted liabilities were \$7,721,897 against \$10,451,533 last year, a decrease of 26 per cent., and 58 per cent. smaller than in 1897. The manufacturing failures were the smallest excepting August, 1898. The volume of business in January has been far beyond all precedent. Exchanges through clearing houses have been 44 per cent. larger than last year, and 59.7 per cent. larger than in 1892. The remarkable expansion in the aggregate of business payments comes in spite of a material decline in prices during the past seven years so great that payments of \$22,000,000 would cover about as much business as payments of \$100,000,000 in 1892. The most remarkable feature of the week has been the decline of 5c in wheat, with only half a cent in corn and only a sixteenth in cotton. The advance in cotton goods has been unusual and has been sustained by heavy buying especially of print cloths and kindred products. A better tone appears in the woolen goods market, also with some important grades which were opened at a great reduction in prices, recently advanced, which has stimulated the demand for all grades. The iron industry is advancing prices of products rather than of materials. Pig has remained without change. The demand is strong, but not apparently urgent at the chief markets.

CHAMBERS MAKES REPORT.

Chief Justice of Apia Tells Circumstances of the Recent Sensation.

The State Department has been informed that Chief Justice Chambers of Samoa has made a long report upon the circumstances attending the recent uprisings at Apia. This report was addressed to each of the three powers under whose authority the chief justice holds his commission. The copies sent to Germany and to Great Britain have reached their destination, but that sent to the State Department is still on the way. It is said that the full mail reports of the recent occurrences cannot be expected to reach Europe until the 21st inst., and the United States a week later.

To Honor Frances Willard.

A movement has been started at Springfield, Ill., for the erection of a bronze statue in honor of the late Frances E. Willard, the apostle of temperance, in the National Capital at Washington. Illinois is entitled to two places in Statuary Hall, and it is proposed to commemorate Miss Willard's life work by constructing an appropriate memorial of her. A bill has been introduced in the Legislature which appropriates \$9,000 for the expense to be incurred.

Forty Lawyers Arrested.

A special from Dallas, Texas, says: Forty Dallas lawyers were placed under arrest Friday for failure to pay city occupation taxes. They are going to fight the constitutionality of the law, but the police department insists on each giving bond before being released. The prisoners are contemplating habeas corpus proceedings.

Fever on Cruiser New York.

A New York dispatch says an epidemic of scarlet fever has broken out on the cruiser New York, Admiral Sampson's flagship. There are five men now in the naval hospital and others are being treated aboard the ship. It is said that some visitor to the ship brought the disease with him.

Buffalo Arrives at Manila.

The United States transport Buffalo having on board sailors to relieve men in Rear Admiral Dewey's fleet, arrived at Manila Friday.

ACCEPTS UNCLE SAM'S TERMS

Gomez an Active Ally of Ours in Pacification of the Island.

Gen. Maximo Gomez, commander-in-chief of the Cuban army, has placed himself squarely in position as an actively of the United States in the work of reconstruction in Cuba. As the result of a conference Robert P. Porter, the President's special commissioner, had with Gomez, the latter cabled President McKinley a dispatch assuring him of his co-operation in disbanding the Cuban army and distributing among the Cuban soldiers the \$3,000,000 appropriated for the purpose, enabling them to return to their homes. Gomez also telegraphed Gen. Brooke saying he would accept the latter's invitation to go to Havana. The success of Porter's mission greatly simplifies the return of military Cubans to pursuits of peace. Porter went to Cuba clothed with absolute authority, and the tender of \$3,000,000 was practically a verbal ultimatum. Had it not been accepted no more offers would have been made. Porter made plain the purposes of the Government and was pleased at the ready response of Gomez.

DEFIES A FEDERAL OFFICER.

Revenue Agent Not Allowed to See If State Documents Are Stamped.

Secretary of State Hardy of Texas Thursday refused a deputy revenue collector permission to look at the bonds of state officials on file in his office at Austin for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not they bear a war tax stamp. The Secretary of State is backed by an opinion of the Attorney General. In due time it is expected that proceedings will be instituted in the Federal Court to determine which is the biggest in the premises, the State or the Federal Government.

MYSTERY CLEARING.

Several Persons Will Be Arrested in New York Poisoning Case.

Light has at last been thrown on the mysterious Adams and Barnett poisoning case in New York city. District Attorney Gardiner said Thursday afternoon that he probably would be able to produce at the instant sufficient evidence to justify the arrest of two and perhaps three persons. He declared that the person guilty of these crimes is a moral pervert, and intimated that the chief person concerned was prominent politically.

LEPROSY IN UNITED STATES.

Thirty-Two Cases, of which Ten are in Chicago.

A Battle Creek, Mich., special says that Dr. Hyatt, from India, visiting in that city, stated there were at present thirty-two cases of leprosy in the United States, ten of which are in Chicago. The doctor has made a life study of leprosy and recommends that our quarantine laws be more rigidly enforced, and believes in the establishment of a general asylum in this country for lepers.

Verdict Against Typo. Union.

Fred Hess, Jr., who sued the San Francisco Typographical Union to recover \$25,000 damages for having been forced out of employment by the union, he being a non-union man, has been awarded \$1,200 by a jury in the Supreme Court.

For Librarian of Congress.

It is announced on what appears to be good authority that the name of Dr. James H. Canfield, president of the Ohio State University, has been presented to the President for appointment as librarian of Congress.

Sloan Wins in Wall Street.

The San Francisco Examiner says Tod Sloan, the jockey, has received a telegram from New York stating he cleaned up \$250,000 as the result of speculation in Wall Street.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$6.20; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.95; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.35; wheat, No. 2 red, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2, 36c to 37c; oats, No. 2, 28c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 57c to 58c; butter, choice creamery, 17c to 19c; eggs, fresh, 16c to 18c; potatoes, choice, 30c to 39c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$7.75; hogs, choice light, \$2.75 to \$4.00; sheep, common to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 72c to 74c; corn, No. 2 white, 36c to 37c; oats, No. 2 white, 30c to 31c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$6.10; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.90; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 75c to 77c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 36c to 37c; oats, No. 2, 28c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 57c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 75c to 76c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 37c to 38c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 29c to 31c; rye, No. 2, 63c to 65c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.75; hogs, \$2.50 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 75c to 76c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 37c to 38c; oats, No. 2 white, 32c to 33c; rye, 50c to 60c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 72c to 75c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 36c to 37c; oats, No. 2 white, 28c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 56c; clover seed, new, \$3.90 to \$4.05.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 75c to 76c; corn, No. 3, 33c to 34c; oats, No. 2 white, 30c to 31c; rye, No. 1, 58c to 59c; barley, No. 2, 45c to 55c; pork, mess, \$9.50 to \$10.00.

Buffalo—Cattle, good shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, common to choice, \$3.25 to \$4.25; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.50 to \$4.75; lambs, common to extra, \$5.00 to \$5.25.

New York—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.90 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 82c to 83c; corn, No. 2, 45c to 46c; oats, No. 2 white, 35c to 36c; butter, creamery, 14c to 19c; eggs, Western, 18c to 19c.

STATE OF NEBRASKA

NEWS OF THE WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

Charges Looking to the Impeachment of Judge Scott of Omaha Filed with Speaker Clark of the Lower House of the Legislature.

To Impeach Judge Scott.

Charges looking to the impeachment of District Judge Cunningham R. Scott of Omaha were filed with Speaker Clark of the Lower House of the Legislature, Jan. 28. The charges are preferred by David E. Van Etin of Omaha. Speaker Clark, while denying the correspondents an inspection of the document, said the charges were highly sensational and covered almost every shortcoming and abuse of power of which a judge could be guilty. Judge Scott has gained notoriety by his frequent conflicts with bar members, his associate judges and the Supreme Court.

The charges were transmitted to the House by Speaker Clark Jan. 30, and according to the usual practice was referred to the judiciary committee without reading. The committee can take summary action and indefinitely postpone consideration, or upon a report from the judiciary committee provide for his trial before all the district judges of the state. This action must be taken in a joint session with the Senate, and afterward the Supreme Court will be notified. The charges are, among others, that Scott has been guilty of using unseemly language to all of his associates and of the members of the Supreme Court. He is charged with intoxication from the use of drugs, with practices that tend to demoralize the community and those who associate with him, with delivering "tirades from the bench to the rabble which he has collected for the purpose of hearing him," and it is charged that for political effect his speeches of this character were printed in a favorite newspaper. The specifications contain extracts from this paper.

SMALLPOX IN OMAHA.

Vendome Hotel, Full of Guests, Is Quarantined.

A special to the Chicago Record February 4, from Omaha says: The spectacle of a hotel full of guests being quarantined and an armed policeman standing at every door and window to prevent the people escaping, is presented in Omaha to-night. This morning three well defined cases of smallpox were discovered at the Vendome Hotel, located in the center of the city. The health department was notified, and plans were quickly decided upon for quarantining the place. A squad of armed policemen raced to the scene and when the guests started on their accustomed morning duties they were driven back into the house. Traveling men begged to be permitted to get away, guaranteeing to leave the city by the first train or afoot if necessary. Several daring fellows slipped out of the skylight, scaled the adjacent roofs and, making their way through the snow and ice over the rooftops, managed to reach the ground in safety after many narrow escapes. A number of Chicago and St. Louis traveling men are in the hotel.

Widow Collects Insurance.

Mrs. Grace E. Nicholson of Wisner instituted a suit against the Masonic Aid Association of South Dakota, in which company the deceased husband of Mrs. Nicholson was insured. The amount involved was \$3,000. The company resisted payment of this claim on the ground of the suicide of Mr. Nicholson, by which the policy was invalidated. A large number of expert medical witnesses were examined and a mass of other testimony introduced. The case was given to the jury and after deliberating eight hours it brought in a verdict for the widow for \$2,014.40.

Another Beet Sugar Factory.

Contracts have been let for the erection of a large beet sugar factory at Ames, a small town west of Omaha, on the Union Pacific. The work of construction will be commenced as soon as the weather will permit in the spring, and the factory will be completed in time to work up the 1899 crop of beets. The men who are furnishing the money to build the factory are Boston capitalists, who also own the Standard Cattle and Feeding Company, which already has large interests at Ames.

Department Store Burned.

The fire department of Fairbury was called out the other night by a fire in Sarback's department store. The blaze originated in a sleeping room in the second story and burned through the floor into the store. It was extinguished, however, before much damage was done to the building. The stock was damaged to the amount of about \$200. The damage to the building is about \$250. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

Prefers Prison to Freedom.

A young man giving his name as Garnie W. Harris was taken into custody at Barada, charged with stealing a team of horses in Falls City a few nights ago. The young man said he took the team with the expectation of being captured and sent to prison. He said he was without friends and money and preferred the penitentiary to such a life.

Wymoreans Happy.

The recent strike in the Isabella gold mine at Cripple Creek, Colo., which is said to be the greatest gold strike ever made, there being \$5,000,000 worth of the yellow metal in sight, has created considerable of a stir in Wymore where about 7,000 shares in the rich mine are owned.

Accomplice Receives Sentence.

In the District Court at Columbus James Martin was sentenced to one year and eight months in the penitentiary at hard labor. Martin was convicted of aiding and abetting the shooting of Policeman John Brock on the night of December 21.

Requisition for Fryson.

Requisition papers have been issued for the return of Frank Fryson from Jackson County, Missouri. Fryson is wanted in Omaha to answer the charge of robbery, having on December 10 assaulted Ching Tong and robbed him of \$90.

OFFICIAL MUSS IN OMAHA.

Business of the Corporation May Have to Be Transacted from Jail.

Omaha city business may soon have to be transacted from the jail until a solution is found for the tangled web of litigation and charges of crookedness now being investigated. Some time ago Police Judge Gordon sentenced Capt. Her of the police force to jail for contempt, and the case is now pending on appeal. He threatens to order the arrest of City Attorney O'Connell unless papers in the hands of the city attorney which he asserts belong to police court records are returned. The city council is debating the question of bringing impeachment charges against Police Judge Gordon, and in all probability will do so unless the Legislature can be induced to legislate him out of office. The Board of Education is investigating charges of corruption made against the American company's contract for furnishing geographies to the pupils of the public schools, and the city council is also laboring with charges made by the city engineer. A clash between Judge Scott and the excise board is likely to land that body in jail for contempt of court for refusing to comply with the Court's order. Impeachment charges against Judge Scott have been filed with the Legislature, and, finally, the quo warranto proceedings instituted by ex-Mayor Broach to oust Mayor Moore are still pending in the Supreme Court.

Want Stotsenberg Removed.

A committee of five, representing the members of the First Regiment, who have returned home from Manila and been mustered out, called on Gov. Poynter a few days since and presented a petition asking the governor to make a request on the War Department that Colonel Stotsenberg be relieved from command of the First Nebraska and returned to his own regiment. Among other things Stotsenberg is charged with falsifying the report when the men of the regiment made the request to be sent home. He is also charged with having falsified the sick report. The petition contained the signatures of 188 of the returned soldiers.

Stewards Render Their Trust.

Sergeants O. W. Boston and John Ell, recently of the First Nebraska Volunteers, were in charge of private subsistence funds on board the transport Ohio and give the following account of their trust. All marketable stores were sold in San Francisco for \$120, of which \$90 was paid to the two cooks, as directed, together with \$18.20 for other expenses. A balance of \$21.70 has been deposited in York and instructions are awaited as to its disposal.

Its Hiding Place Unknown.

One of the paintings given by the executive committee of the Trans-Mississippi Exposition to the Omaha Public Library has mysteriously disappeared. The list of the pictures given the library included six paintings, whereas but five have been delivered. The missing picture is by Meakin of the impressionist school, and is considered quite a valuable addition to the collection. Just where the picture is at present no one seems to know.

Good Credit of Fremont.

A special city election was held at Fremont to vote on a proposition to refund the city bonds which now bear 5 and 6 per cent. interest with 4 1/2 per cent. bonds. There was little opposition to the proposition and 428 votes were cast in their favor to eleven against them. The reduction in interest will make a savings to the taxpayers of the city of over \$2,000 per year.

Frightful Burns Cause Death.

Anton Peterson, the man who was so badly burned by a gasoline explosion at Jacobson's poultry house, Hastings, December 31, died the other day after a month's terrible suffering. It was thought at one time that there was a possibility of his recovery, but his condition for the last couple of weeks has been gradually growing worse.

Object to a Pest House.

Injunction proceedings have been started at Omaha to restrain the city from erecting in Fontanelle Park the proposed emergency hospital for smallpox cases. The action was taken by residents in the vicinity of the park, who have become indignant over the fact that the city has commenced the building of the hospital in spite of their objections.

New Business Block Planned.

A large brick business block is to be erected with the opening of the season in the heart of the business portion of Grand Island. Three frame buildings now on the lot are to be removed and the owner will erect a building containing three store rooms.

Workman Accidentally Hurt.

While knocking the blocks from under an engine in the Burlington shops at Wymore, a hammer, which was being wielded by John Hook, glanced and struck Jack Currie, another employee, over the left eye, cutting a deep gash.

Nebraska Short Notes.

An Epidemic of measles is raging at Cozard and in the surrounding country, also numerous cases of the grip are reported.

George Whiting, a young man living southwest of Juniata, had his hand caught in the gearing of a cornsheller and so badly crushed that it had to be amputated.

The farm house of H. Bridenstein, eight miles northeast of Dixon, was destroyed by fire last week. The contents were nearly all saved. The loss is about \$700, with \$350 insurance.

The proposition to refund the Falls City water bonds at 4 1/2 per cent. was voted down at the special election. A short time before the city received the proposition to refund them at 4 1